

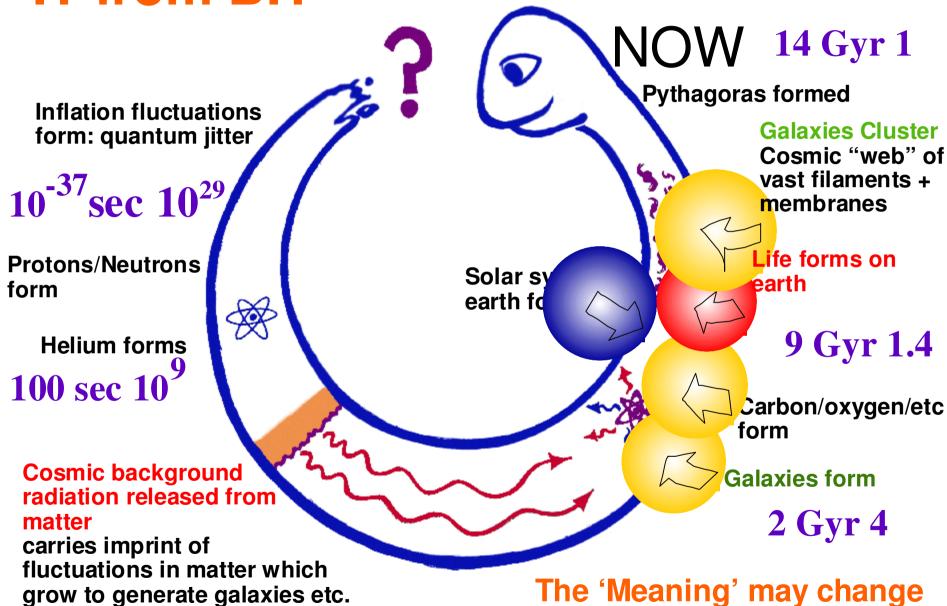
Dick Bond



L1: The Cosmic Microwave Background & the Thermal History of the Universe

"IT from BIT"

0.4 Myr 1100



The 'Meaning' may change But the facts will remain

"IT from BIT"

Inflation fluctuations form: quantum jitter

 10^{-37} sec 10^{29}

Protons/Neutrons form

Helium forms

100 sec 10⁹

Cosmic background radiation released from matter

carries imprint of fluctuations in matter which grow to generate galaxies etc.

0.4 Myr 1100



Solar sy

earth fo

fate & dark energy

NOW 14 Gyr 1

Pythagoras formed

Galaxies Cluster

Cosmic "web" of vast filaments + membranes

Life forms on earth

9 Gyr 1.4

Carbon/oxygen/etc form

Galaxies form

2 Gyr 4

The 'Meaning' may change But the facts will remain

EGYPT TIMES Mar 31 2006

"Canadians make it easy to say sorry"

Legislation to allow Canadians to admit mistakes without litigation

CMB/LSS Phenomenology

	CIVID		menology	
CITA/CIAR here		UofT here	CITA/CIAR there	
• Bond	• Dalal	• Netterfield	 Mivelle-Deschenes (IAS) Pogosyan (U of Alberta) Prunet (IAP)	
• Contaldi	• Dore	• MacTavish		
• Lewis	• Kesden	• Carlberg		
• Sievers	 MacTavish 	• Yee	• Myers (NRAO)	
• Pen	• Pfrommer	166	• Holder (McGill)	
• McDonald	<u>& Exptal/Ar</u> Teams here d	• Hoekstra (UVictoria)		
• Majumdar	jumdar • Boomerang03		• van Waerbeke (UBC)	
• Nolta	• Cosmic Rac	ckground Imager	Parameter datasets: CMBall_pol	
• Iliev	• Acbar	mgi vunu imagei	SDSS P(k), 2dF P(k)	
• Kofman	• WMAP (No	olta, Dore)	Weak lens (Virmos/RCS1; CFHTLS, RCS2)	
• Vaudrevang	e • CFHTLS –	WeakLens	Lya forest (SDSS)	
• Shirokov	• CFHTLS -	Supernovae	SN1a "gold" (157, 9 z>1), CFHT	

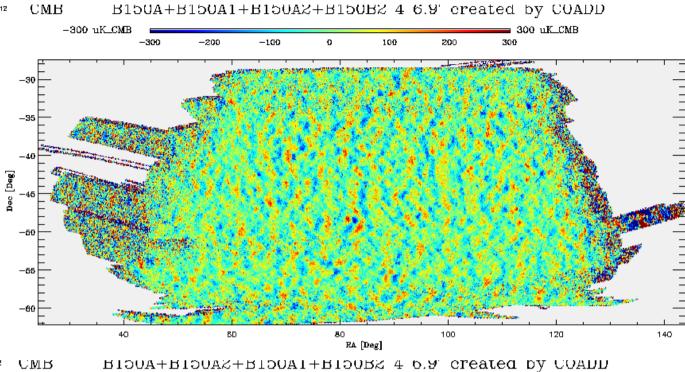
• RCS2 (RCS1; Virmos)

futures: SZ/opt, 21(1+z)cm

• El Zant

Boomerang @150GHz is (nearly) Gaussian: Simulated vs Real

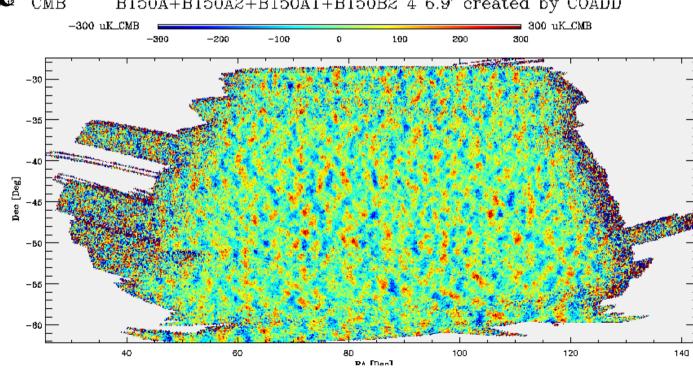
CMB



thermodynamic **CMB** temperature fluctuations

2.9% of sky

~ 30 ppm

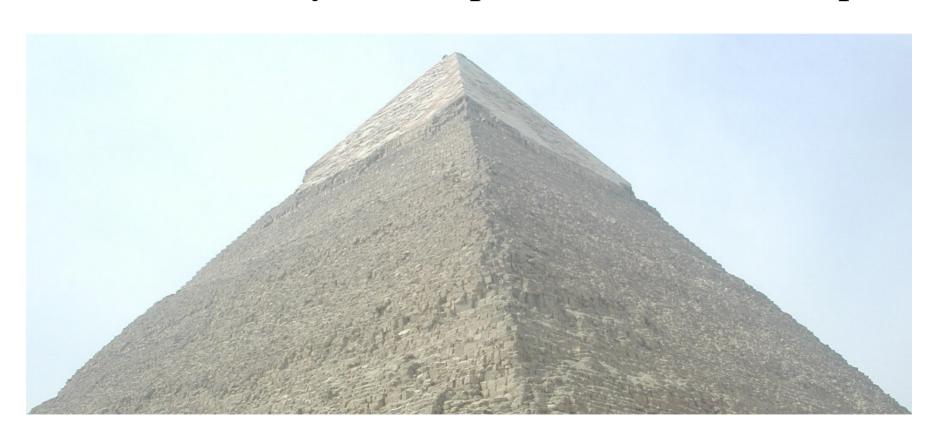


Sorry CITAzens: real seems to be simulated
Boomerang, Cosmic Background Imager, WMAP3, ...
No wonder the LCDM concordance model looks so good

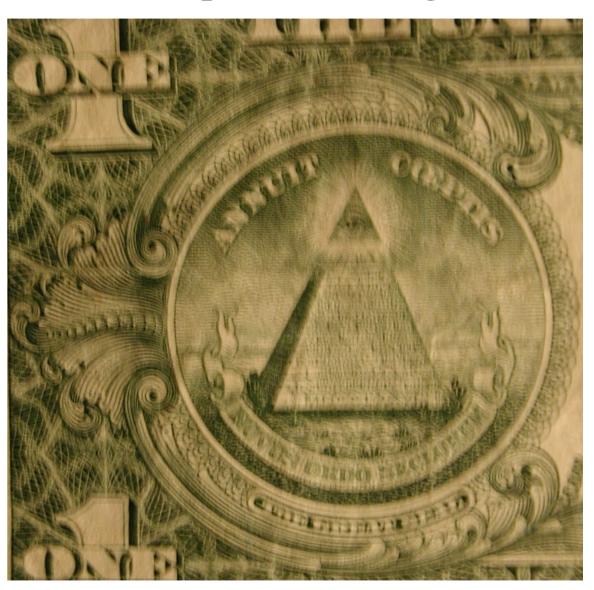
Real is a mock: march 29, 2006 a BLACK DAY for some CITAzens



new deeply embedded analysis march 31, 2006 The wrinkled lightcone may not be LCDM but a statistically anisotropic but well-known shape



The anisotropic lightcone led to a new model for the power defining the current universe



Pyramid power

Acknowledgment: realization

Occurred at Khufu's place in Giza, the chamber in the centre of the great pyramid

March 31, 2006

But new realization now I am on Egyptian time and APRIL FOOL's ends at noon April 1

real is in fact real, for

Boomerang, Cosmic Background Imager, WMAP3, ...

the LCDM concordance model does indeed look good

& the structure of the universe seems to be understandable in terms of a handful of basic cosmological parameters,

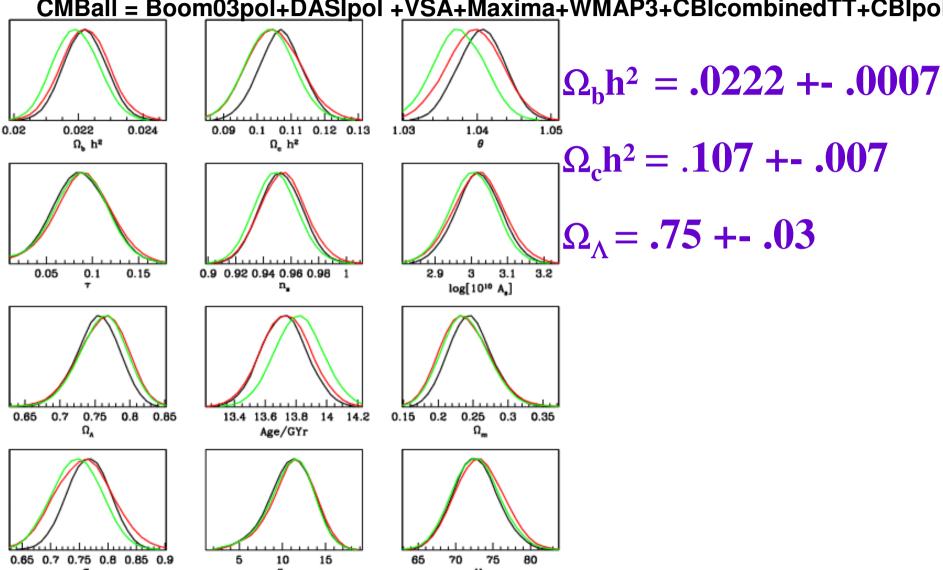
Baryon, dark matter, dark energy densities

Power spectra for primordial fluctuations

The Parameters of Cosmic Structure Formation

WMAP3 WMAP3+CBlcombinedTT+CBlpol

CMBall = Boom03pol+DASlpol +VSA+Maxima+WMAP3+CBlcombinedTT+CBlpol



Parameters of Cosmic Structure Formation

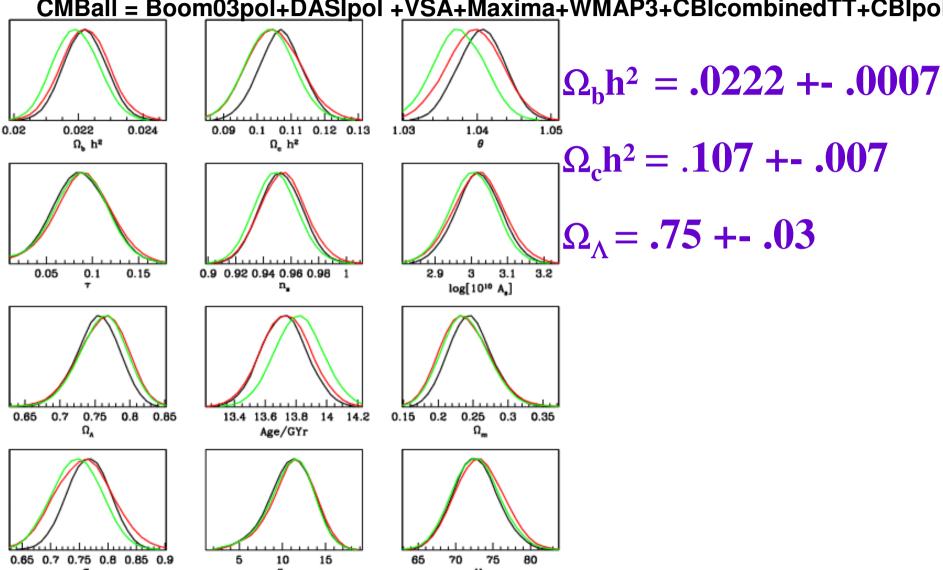
Period of <u>inflationary</u> expansion, <u>quantum</u> noise → <u>metric perturb.</u>

•Inf	lati <mark>Wha pr</mark>	Densit edicts nearly scal	St	Optical Depth to	litude
and		interactional of gravitational	pi	Last Scattering	201
	$\overline{\Diamond}$. N	((Surface	es)
•Pas	ssive/ adiaba	oflat		When did stars	S
•Ni	ce linear reg	ne nat O open	_	reionize the	1+
•Bo	Itzman equa	tion + Einstein e	qui	universe?	SS

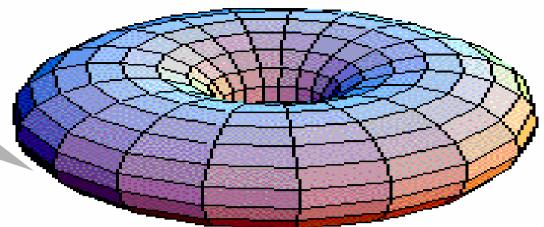
The Parameters of Cosmic Structure Formation

WMAP3 WMAP3+CBlcombinedTT+CBlpol

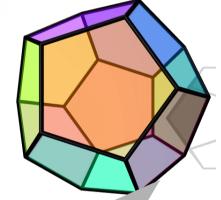
CMBall = Boom03pol+DASlpol +VSA+Maxima+WMAP3+CBlcombinedTT+CBlpol

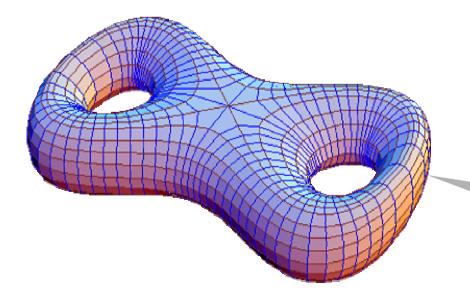


Simple Torus (Euclidean)



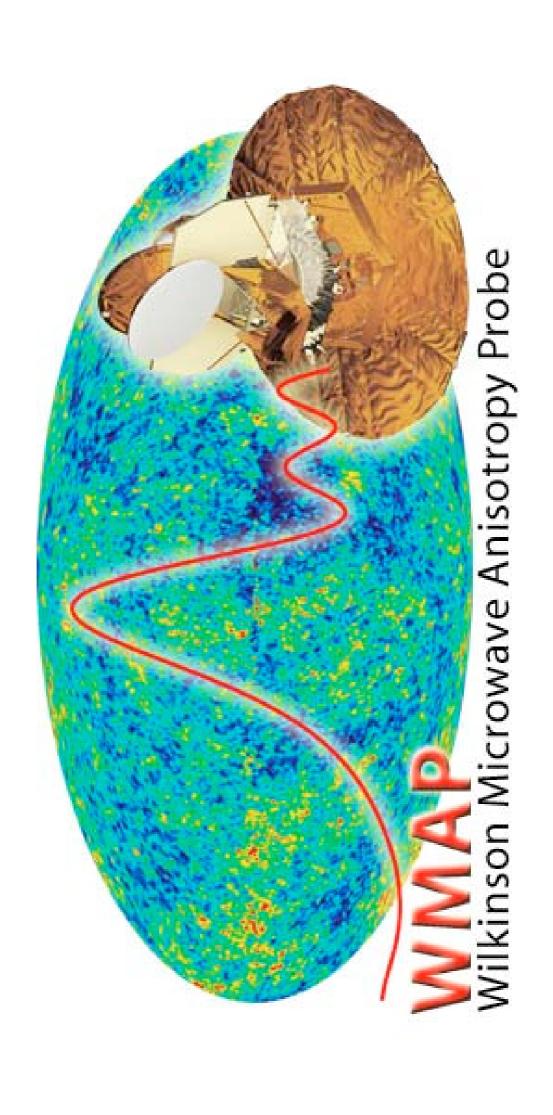
Cosmic topology Multiply connected universe?



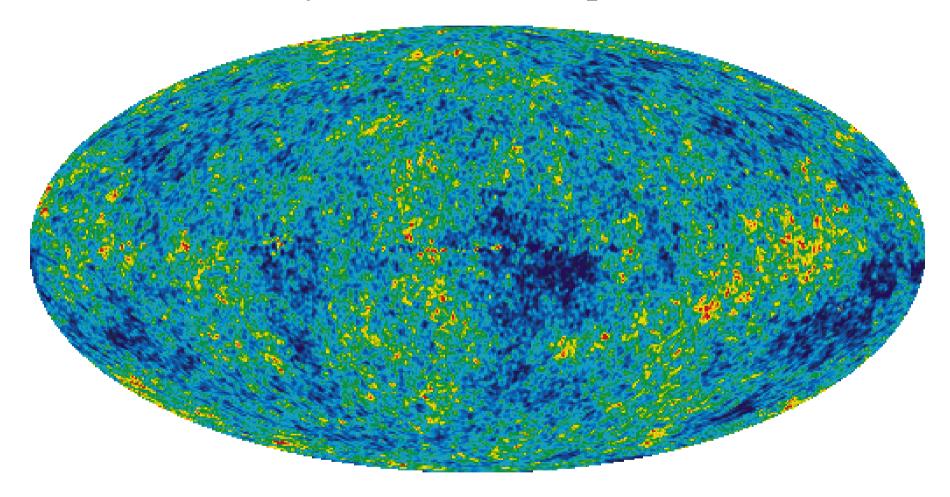


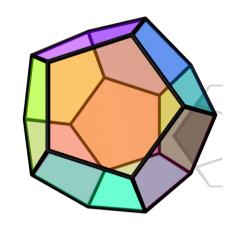
MC spherical space ("soccer ball")

Compact hyperbolic space



WMAP3 thermodynamic CMB temperature fluctuations



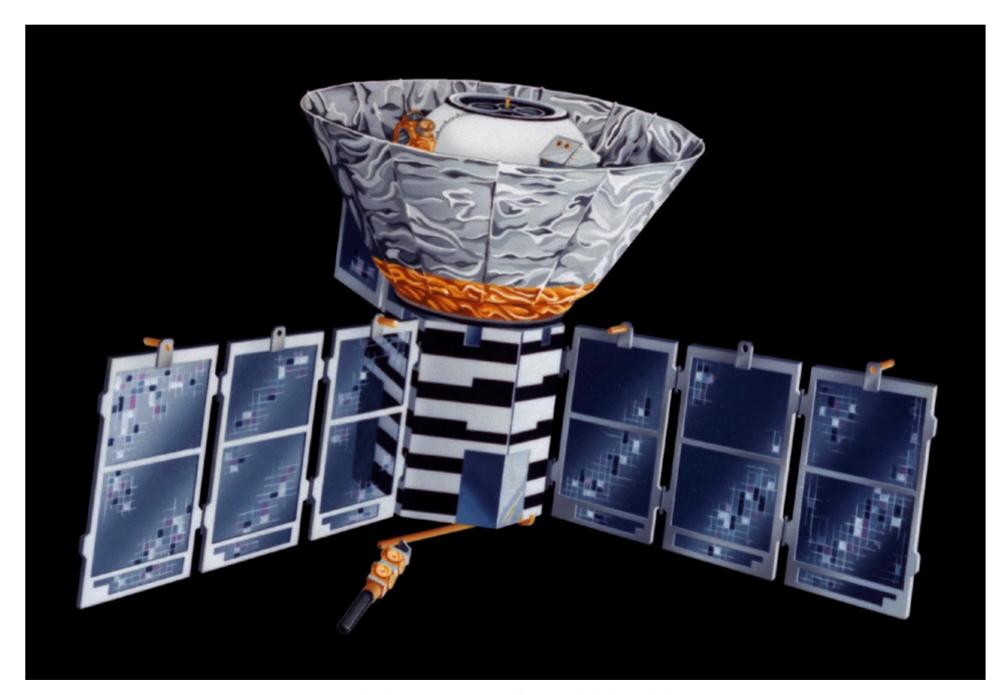


Non april fool

Is the universe like a soccer ball?

The CMB data decides:



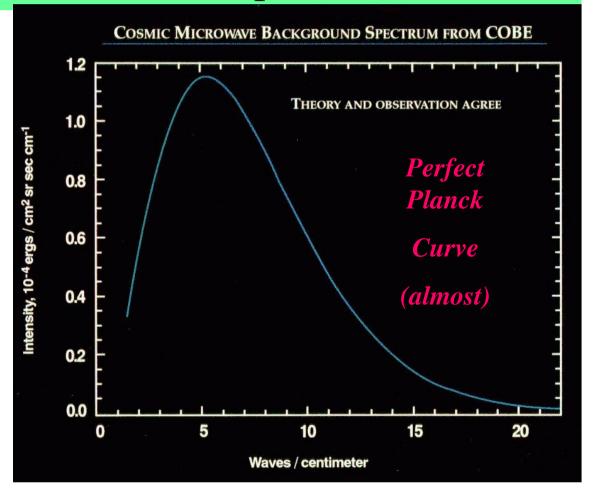


COBE satellite 1989-1994

Hot Big Bang

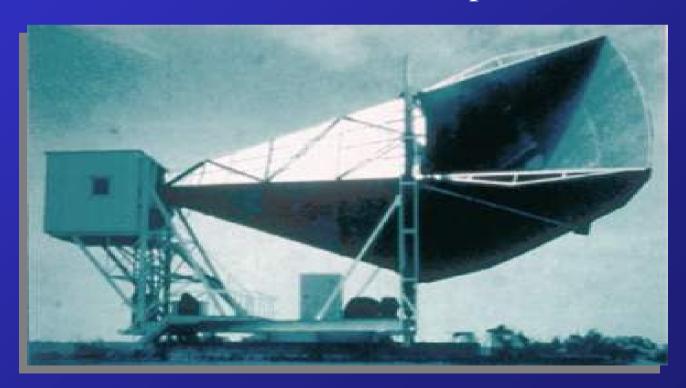
- Picked up as TV 'snow' a few %
- 2.725 ±.001 degrees above absolute zero
- 410 photons per cubic centimetre
- Isotropic (smooth) to one part in 100,000

released as red light
400,000 yrs after
the Big Bang,
expansion of
space stretched
the wavelengths to
microwave



Discovery of the Microwave Background

- Discovered accidentally as a source of noise in a radio receiver
- 1965 Bell Telephone Laboratories
- Penzias and Wilson share Nobel prize in 1978



$$qc = \frac{2\pi\hbar c}{\lambda} = \bar{a}(t)\omega = \bar{a}(t)\frac{2\pi\hbar c}{\lambda_e}$$

Planck distribution function

$$f = 1/(\exp[q/(aT)] - 1)$$

Thermodynamic temperature T(q) from f(q)

d Number of photons = f d Phase Space Volume

$$= f 2 d^3q/(2\pi)^3 d^3x$$

d E/V = f q^3 / π^2 dq Planck energy curve

$$\left. \frac{\partial f_{\xi}}{\partial \tau} \right|_{q} + \hat{q} \cdot \nabla f_{\xi} = \bar{a} S[f_{\xi}]$$

Time derivative along the Sources, sinks, scattering processes photon direction

$$n_{\gamma +} = \frac{2\zeta_3}{\pi^2} T_{o+}^3 , \quad \rho_{\gamma +} = \frac{3}{4} s_{\gamma +} T_{\gamma} \approx 2.7 n_{\gamma +} T_{\gamma} , \quad p_{\gamma} = \frac{1}{3} \rho_{\gamma} \approx 0.9 n_{\gamma} T_{\gamma} ,$$

 $\mathbf{n}_{\gamma^*} = 410/\mathbf{cc},$

when was the entropy generated in the U? $\rho_{\gamma*} = 0.26 \text{ ev/cc}$

$$1+(7/8)(4/11)N_v^{4/3} x dE + p dV = T dS (-\Sigma \mu d N)$$
1.04]

total energy
$$s_{\gamma +} = \frac{4\pi^2}{45} (\bar{a}T_{\gamma})^3 \left[\frac{k_{\rm B}}{k_{\rm B}}\right]^3 = 1.48 \times 10^3 \ {\rm cm}^{-3}$$

$$\Omega_{\gamma} h^2 = 2.45 \times 10^{-5}$$

Lev Kofman lectures

Answer: earlier than redshift $z \sim 10^{6.8}$ or distortions in the CMB spectrum

(when was the baryon number generated? dB=0 after)

$$s_{\gamma^*}/n_{b^*} = 0.65 \times 10^{10} (.02/\Omega_b h^2)$$

 $[1+(7/8)(4/11)N_v \times 1.04]$ total entropy

cf. entropy per baryon in the centre of the sun ~19

In a pre-supernova core about to implode ~1

Thermodynamic temperature T(q)

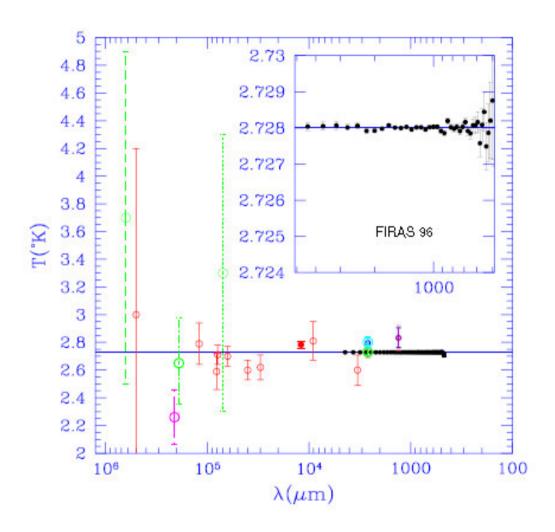


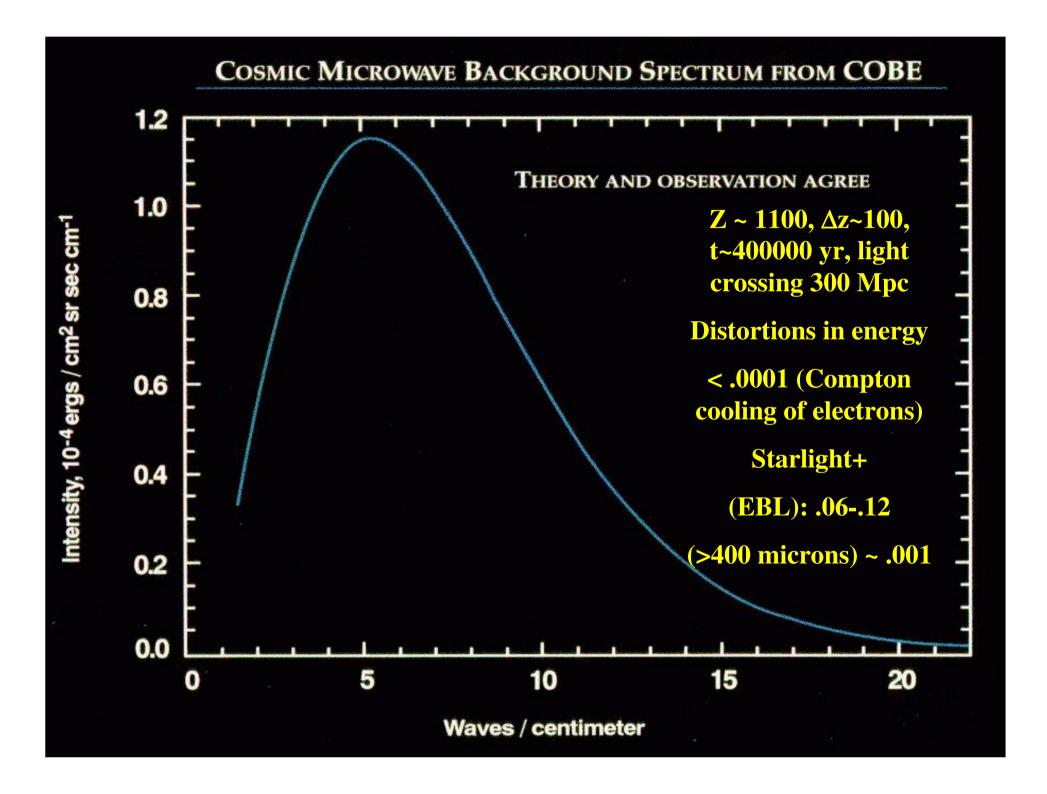
FIG. 1. Selected old and new data on CMB distortions in terms of thermodynamic temperature. The dotted point at 7 cm is the original Penzias and Wilson (1965) result, the long-dashed point at 63 cm is from Howell and Shakeshaft (1966). The situation in the Rayleigh-Jeans region was improved quite a bit with the White Mountain collaboration results (solid). Results from Bersanelli (1995) at 21 cm and Staggs and Wilkinson (1995) at 19 cm are shown. The point with the small error bar at $\lambda = 1.2$ cm is that of Johnson and Wilkinson (1987). Cyanogen results are given at 2640 μ m (Roth et al. 1993, Crane 1989, 1995). The tiny error bars are from FIRAS (Fixsen et al. 1996). The inset gives a blowup of the region for FIRAS.

the Boltzmann transport equation for photons

$$\frac{\partial f_{\ell}}{\partial \tau}\Big|_{q} + g \cdot \nabla f_{\ell} = \bar{a}S[f_{\ell}]$$

Time derivative along the Sources, sinks, scattering processes photon direction

· bremsstrahlung exp = exp+ 8 · Double Compton Scattering Vie > 8+e+8 Compton southering 8+e - 8re fra Low energy limit: Thompson scattering



Planck dist fn

max entropy for fixed energy

Bose-Einstein dist fn

max entropy for fixed energy and number

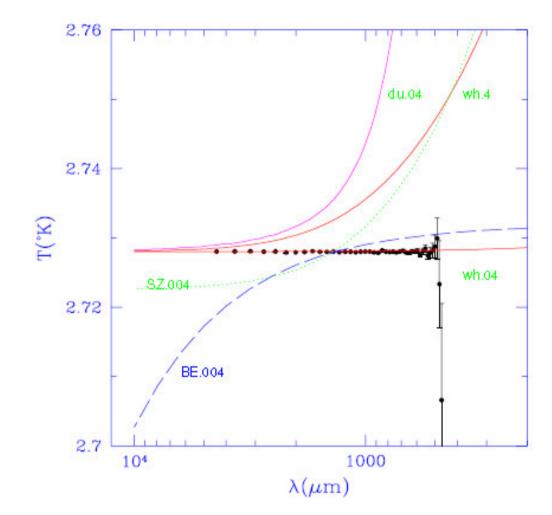


FIG. 2. Sample types of spectral distortions are compared with the FIRAS data (Fixsen et al. 1996). S7.004 is a y-distortion with y=0.001, BE.004 is a Bose-Einstein distortion with $\alpha=0.0057$, du.04 is a model with ordinary dust grains with abundance 10^{-6} reprocessing injected energy which was taken to be 4% of that in the CMB between redshifts 50 and 25. Two models mimicking the effect of an optically thin abundance of needle-like grains (whiskers) acting over the same redshift, with 40% and 4% of the CMB energy injected, are also shown.

$$10^{5.4} (.02/\Omega_b h^2)^{1/2}$$

but < $10^{6.8}$

Compton
cooling
distortion
from hot gas
(intraclusters)

Sunyaev-Zeldovich effect

Z <~

 $10^{4.9} (.02/\Omega_{\rm h}h^2)^{1/2}$

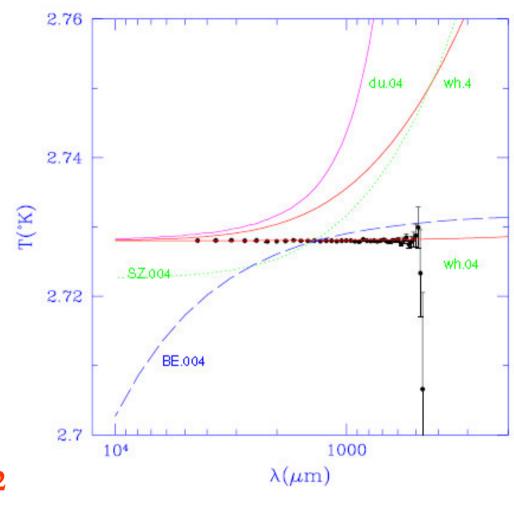
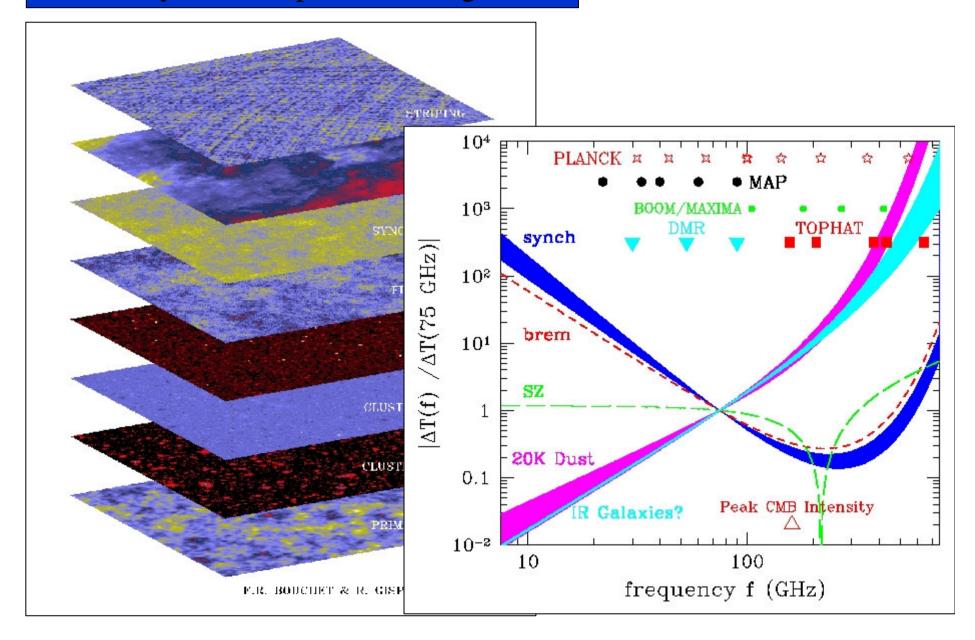


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Secondary Anisotropies and foregrounds



$$\frac{s_{tot +}}{n_{B+}} = 2.56 \times 10^{40} \left(\frac{\Omega_B h^2}{0.01} \right)^{-1}, \qquad \frac{s_{\gamma +}}{n_{B+}} = 1.31 \times 10^{40} \left(\frac{\Omega_B h^2}{0.01} \right)^{-1}$$

Compton y-parameter:
$$\bar{y} < 1.5 \times 10^{-5}$$
 (95% CL), chemical potential: $|\mu_{\gamma}|/T_{\gamma} < 0.9 \times 10^{-4}$ (95%

$$\bar{y} < 1.5 \times 10^{-7}$$
 (95% CL), $|\mu_{\gamma}|/T_{\gamma} < 0.9 \times 10^{-4}$ (95% CL), $\frac{\delta E}{E_{cmb}}$ (500–5000 $\mu \mathrm{m}$) $< 0.00025 (1\sigma)$

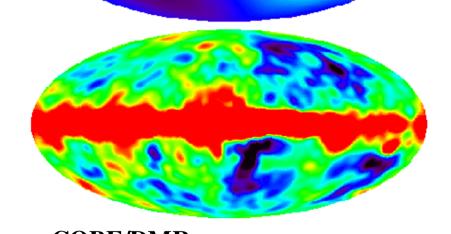
COBE Mission

- COsmic Background Explorer
- First satellite mission to measure CMB
- Launched in 1989
- Collected data for four years
- Passively cooled
- First anisotropy detection announced in 1992





Dipole: flow of the earth in the CMB



COBE/DMR:
CMB + Galactic @7°

The CMB shows the **hot big bang** paradigm holds, with:

no big energy injection at $z<10^{6.8}$ (cosmic photosphere). Limits hydro role in structure formation

CMB comes from afar (Sunyaev-Zeldovich Effect from distant clusters ... z>0.8)

300 km/s earth flow, 600 km/s Local Group flow

gravitational instability, hierarchical Large Scale Structure, predominantly adiabatic mode

a "dark age" from hydrogen recombination (z~1100) to reionization (z~10-20)

(nearly) Gaussian initial conditions

Recombination

Of Hydrogen

~10¹⁰ photons per baryon

Lower temperature ~ 3000K cf. 10000K

Novel: redshift from the wings of Lyman alpha 2p to 1s line & 2s to 1s + $\gamma\gamma$, 0.12 sec

Known since late sixties, modify for dark matter 80s, more H lines 90s

Of Helium (90s)

