

Hurricanes

Part III Hurricane Forecasting

by Professor Steven Businger



Evacuation for Hurricane Katrina

Hurricane Forecasting

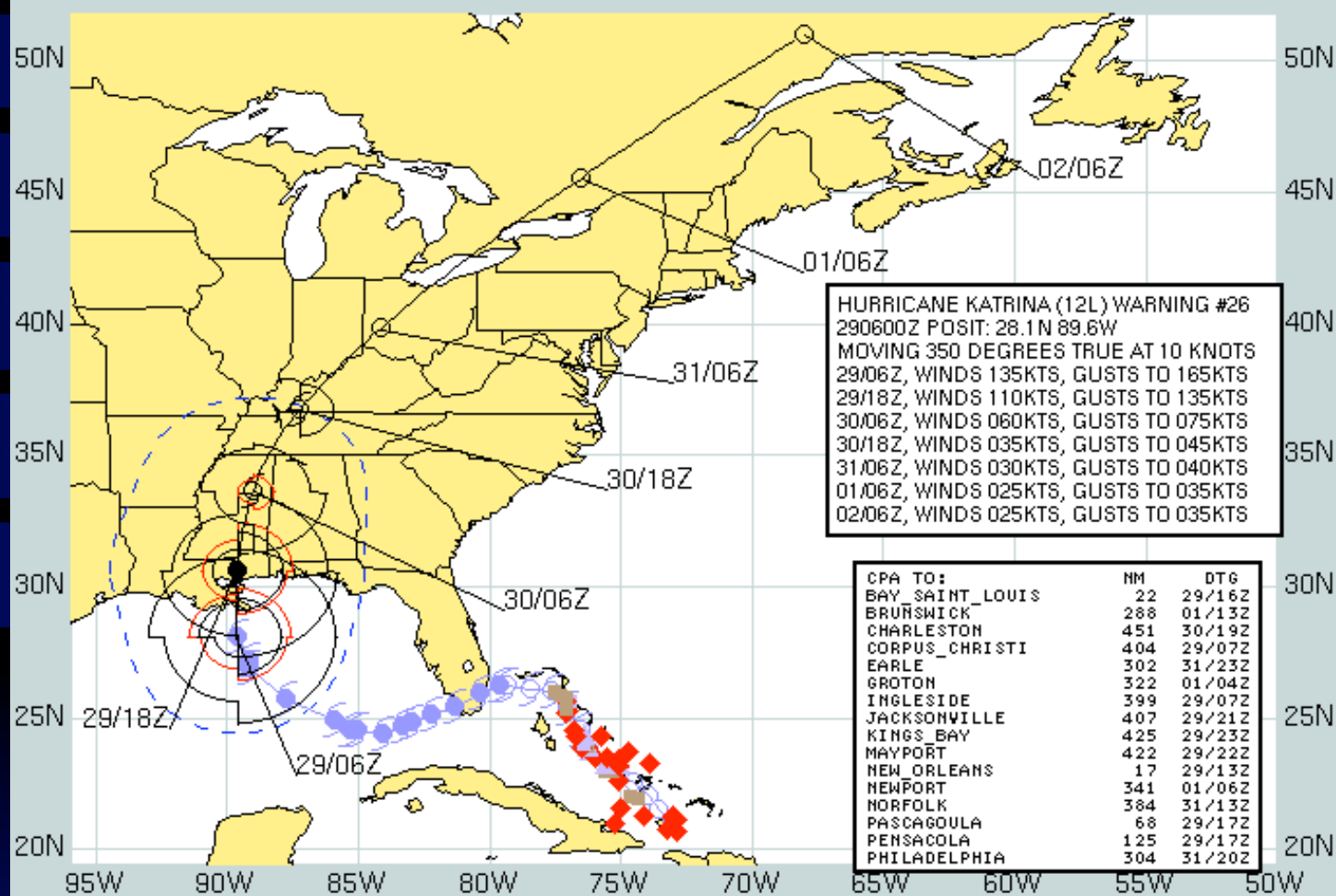


- Locating the storm Center
- Assessing Current Storm Strength
- Track Forecasting
- Intensity Forecasting

Hurricane Advisories

- **Hurricane Watch** - Hurricane may threaten the coast. Issued ~ 36 hours in advance
- **Hurricane Warning** - Hurricane conditions are expected within 24 hours. Issued ~12-24 hours in advance.

Official Track and Intensity Forecasts



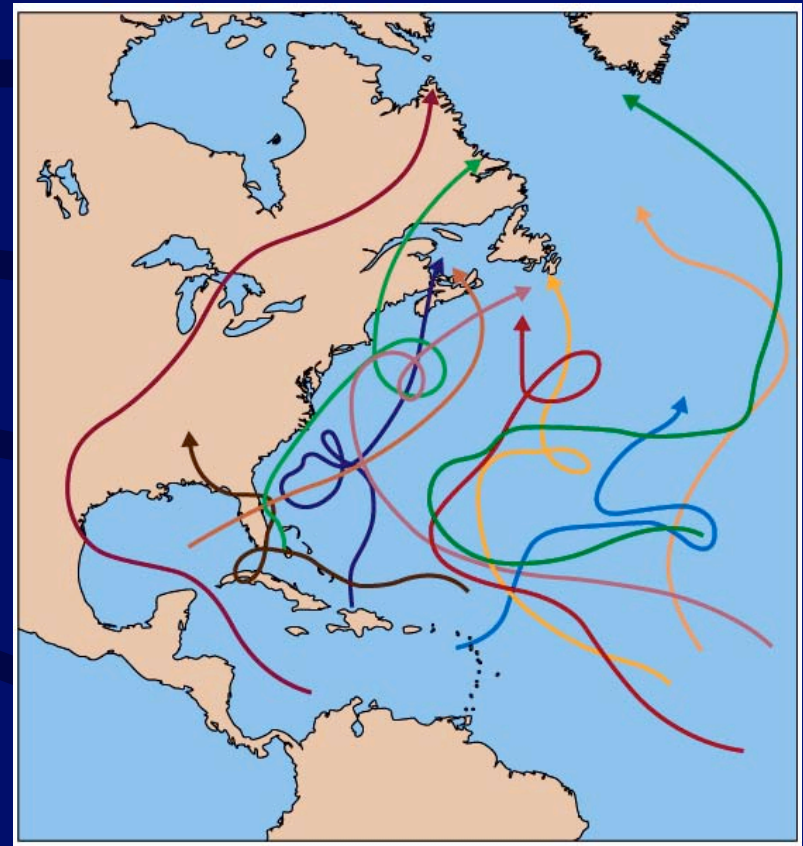
Allow emergency managers to order evacuations

Hurricane Forecasting

Hurricane forecasting involves
locating the storm center
assessing current strength
predicting the track and
intensity of a hurricane.

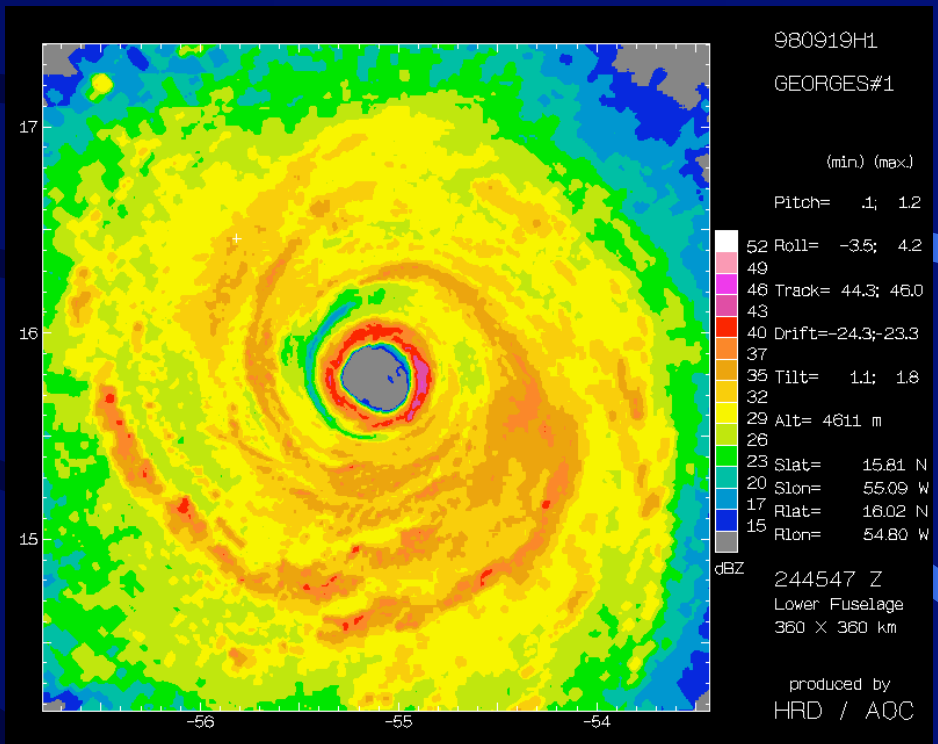
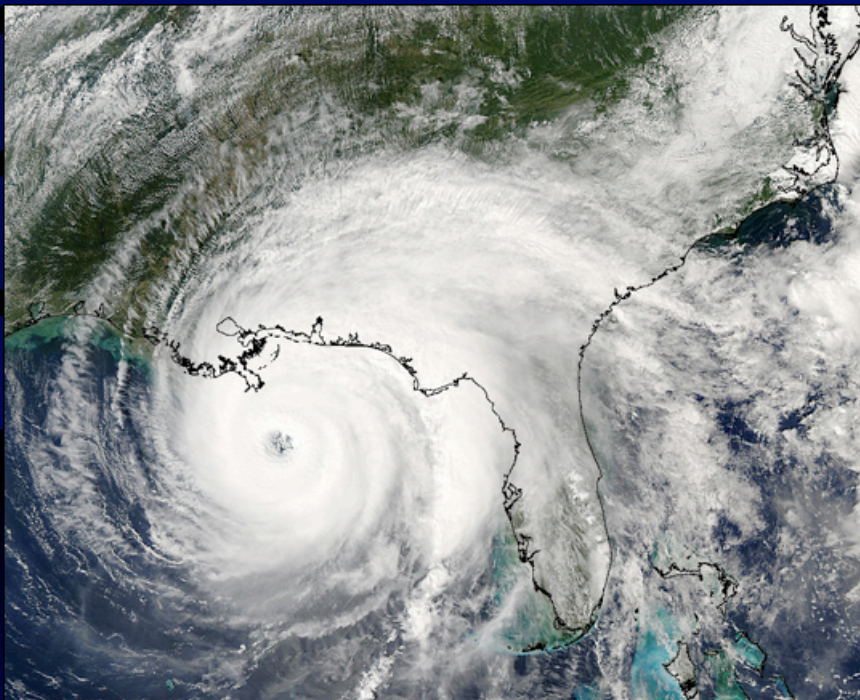
Hurricane tracks are erratic and
difficult to predict.

A combination of observations,
numerical model output, and
climate data are used to
forecast hurricane tracks.



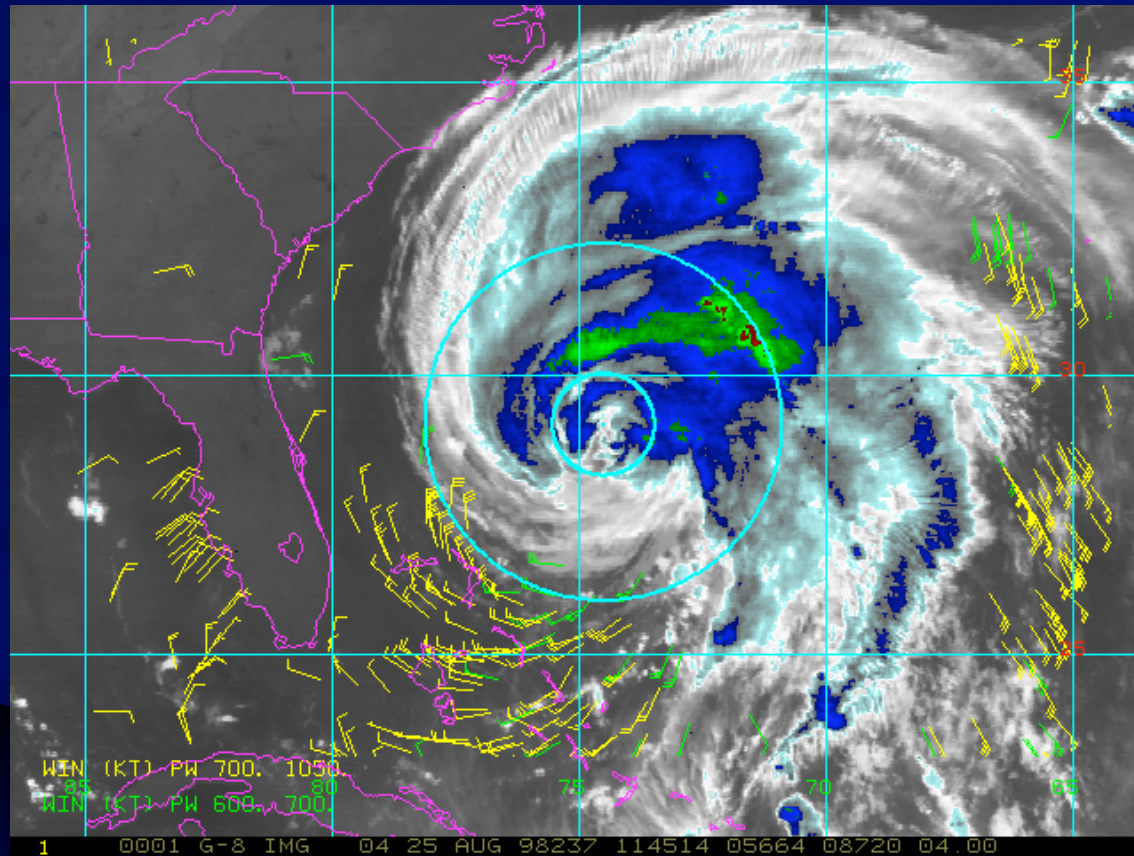
Storm Location and Strength

- Satellite data
- Aircraft reconnaissance data
- Coastal and aircraft radar data



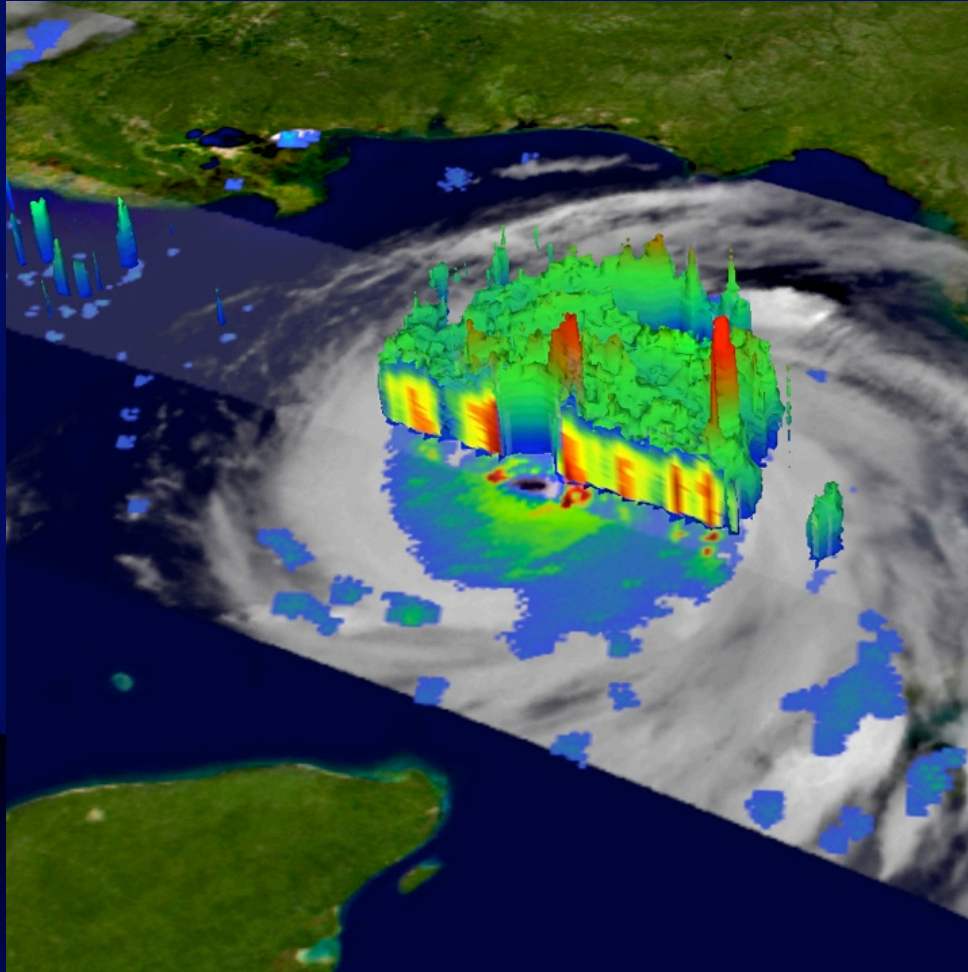
Eye seen in satellite or radar data marks center

Cloud Drift Winds



IR Imagery from Bonnie 8/25/98 1145 UTC
(Blue Rings at 100 and 350 km Radius)

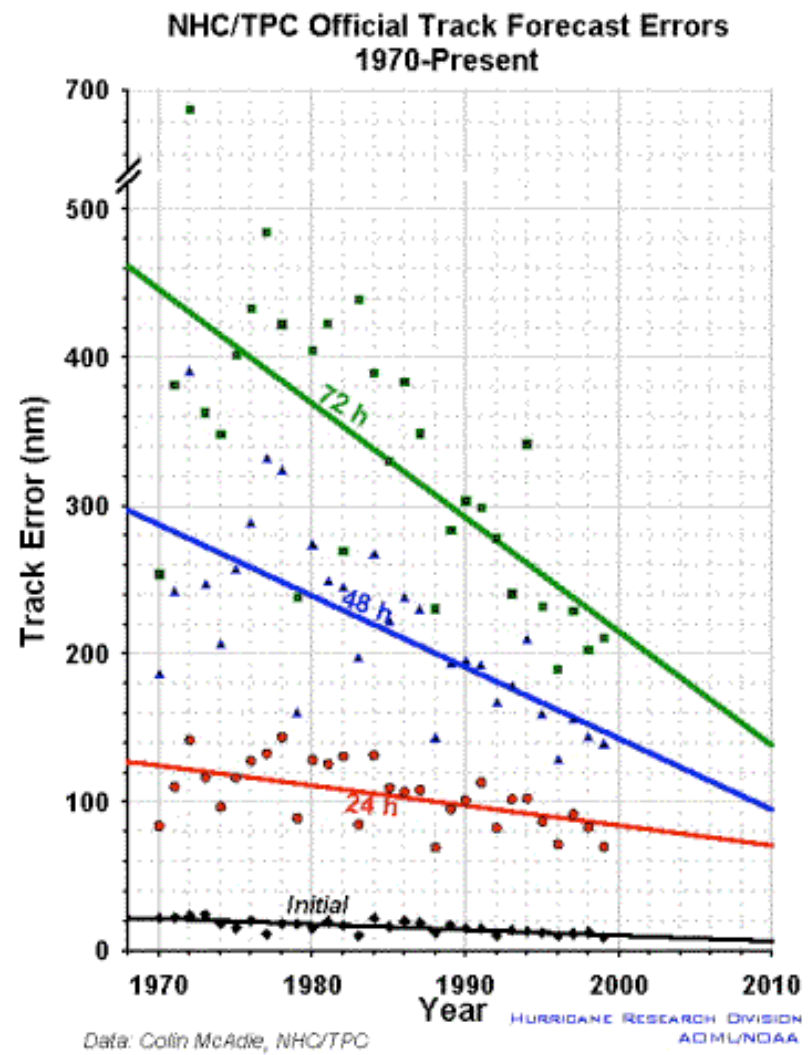
Satellite Rainfall Measurement



Rainfall in Hurricane Katrina helps mark eyewall

Hurricane Forecasting

More progress has been made in hurricane track forecasting than in forecasting hurricane intensity change.

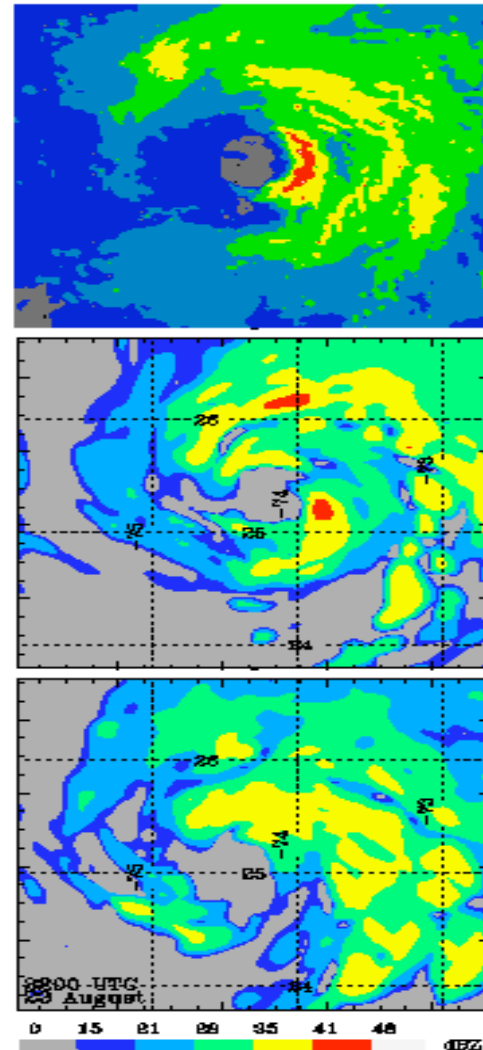


Hurricane Modeling

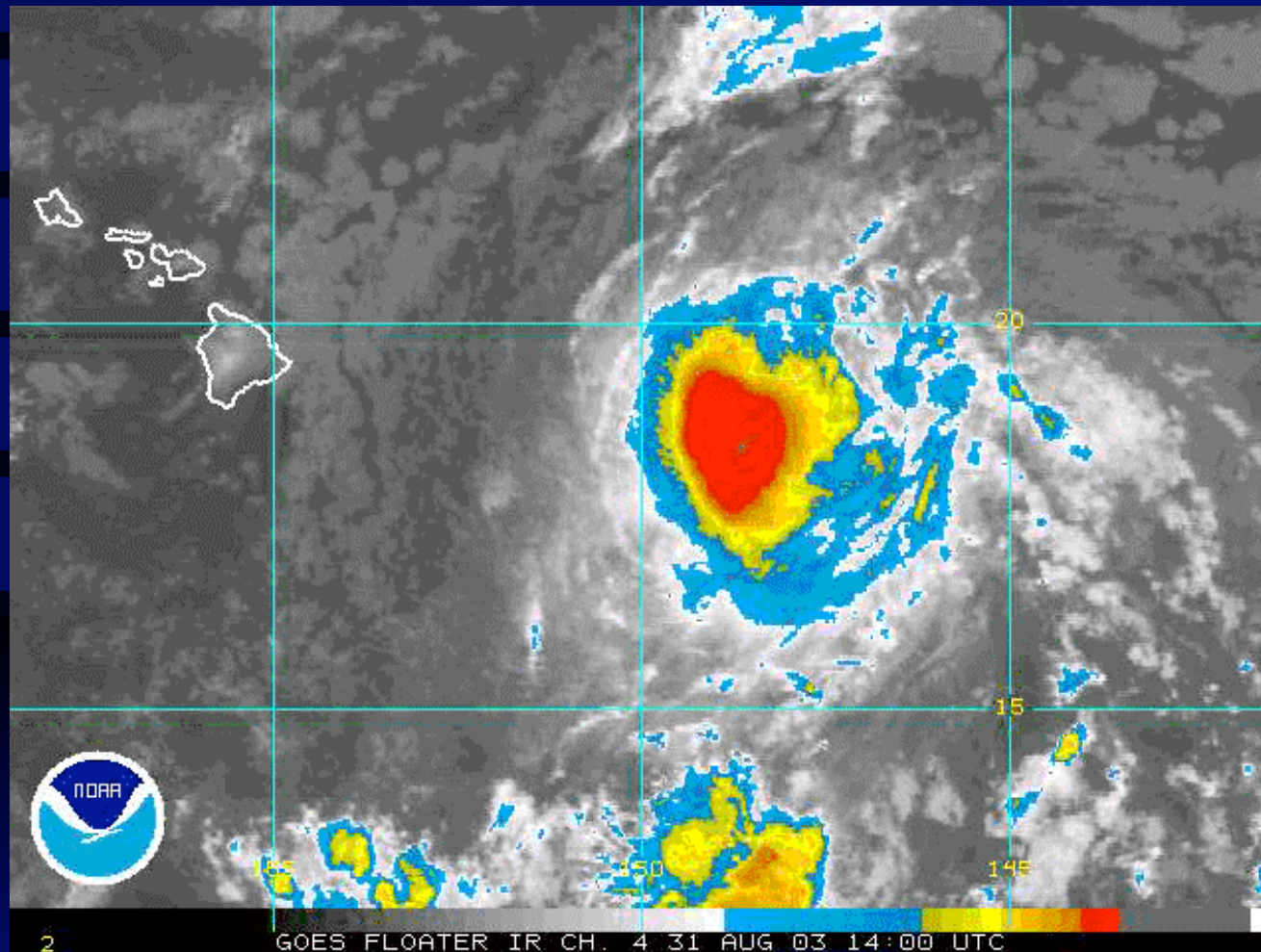
Radar Observed Rainfall

48-h model forecast with
satellite observations

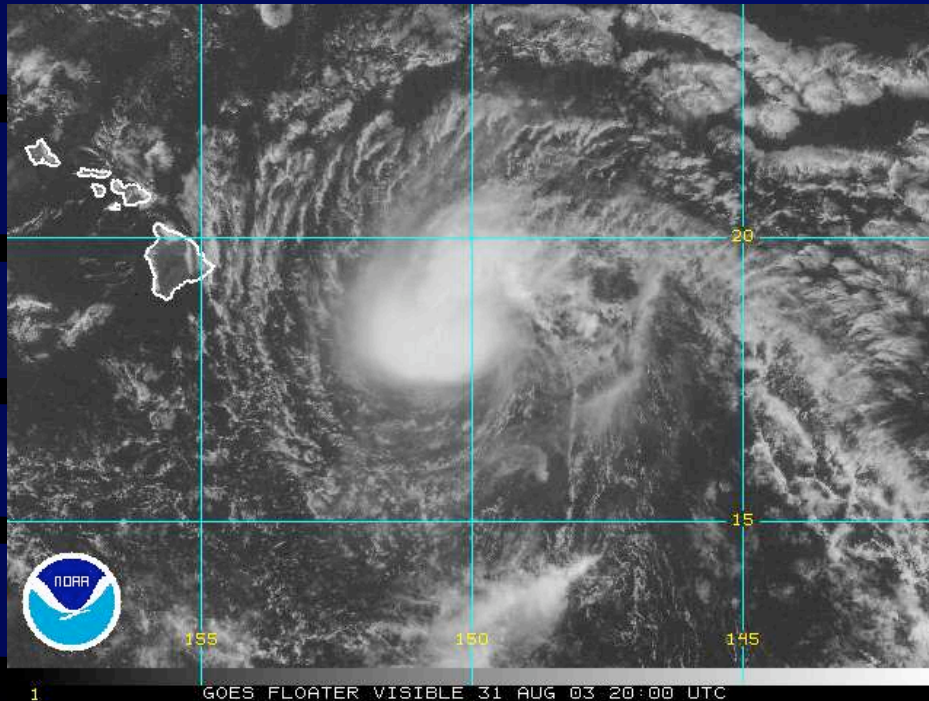
48-h model forecast without
satellite observations



Forecasting Hurricane Jimena

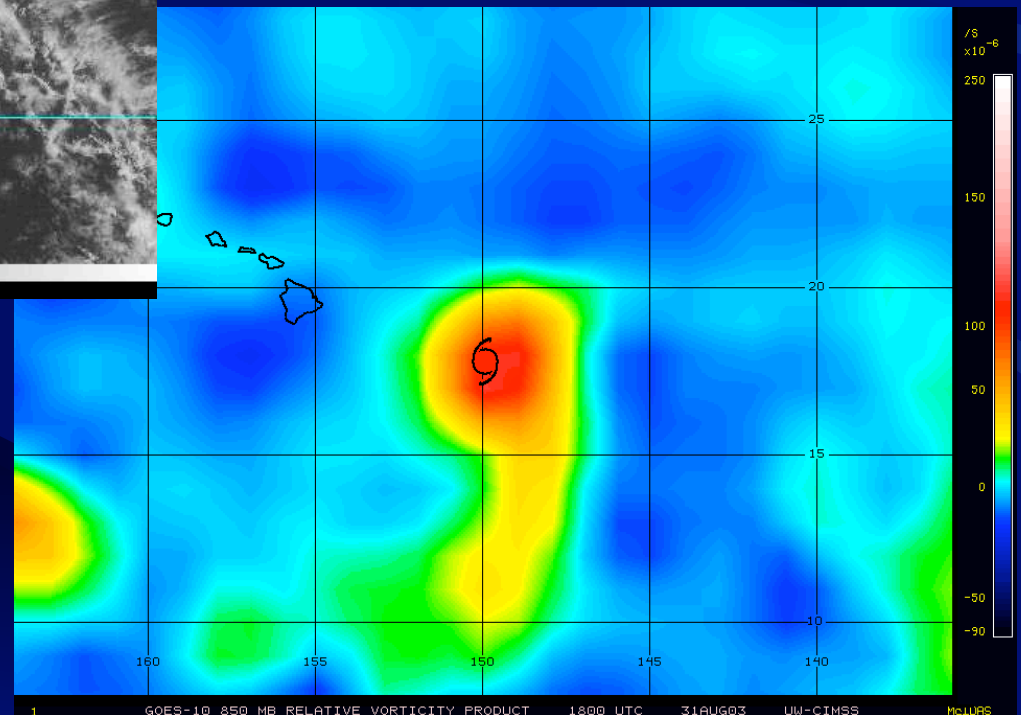


Locating Hurricane Jimena

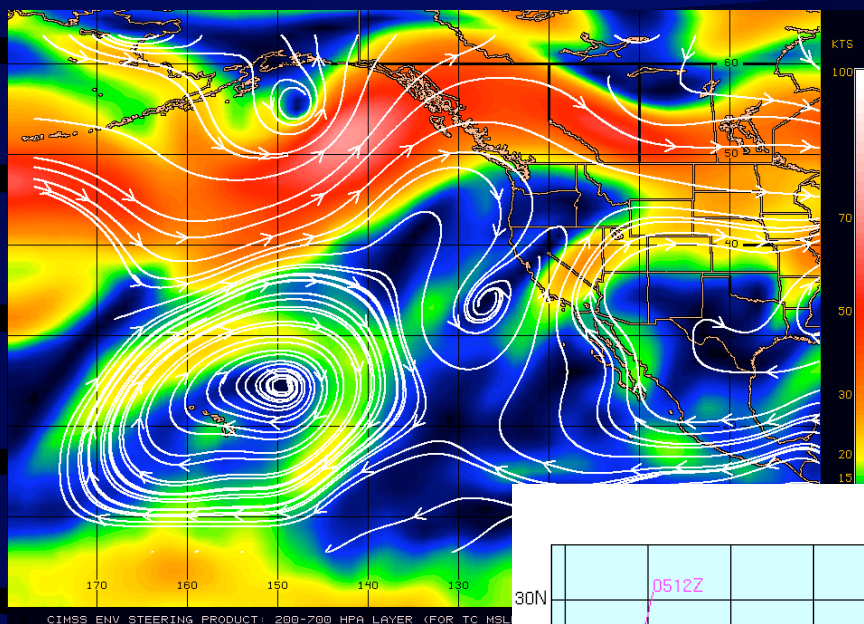


Eye missing in
satellite image

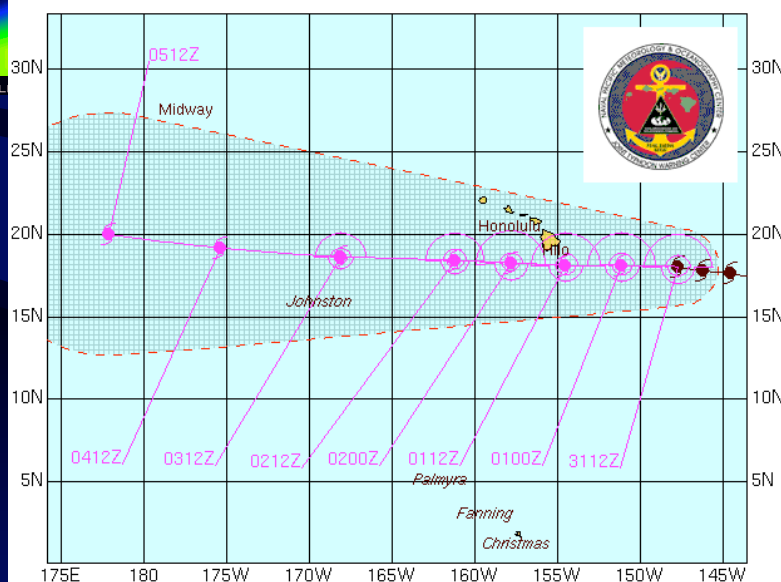
Locate center using
vorticity or spin from
satellite winds.



Layer-Mean Winds Steer the Storm



200-700-mb layer mean
winds from satellite



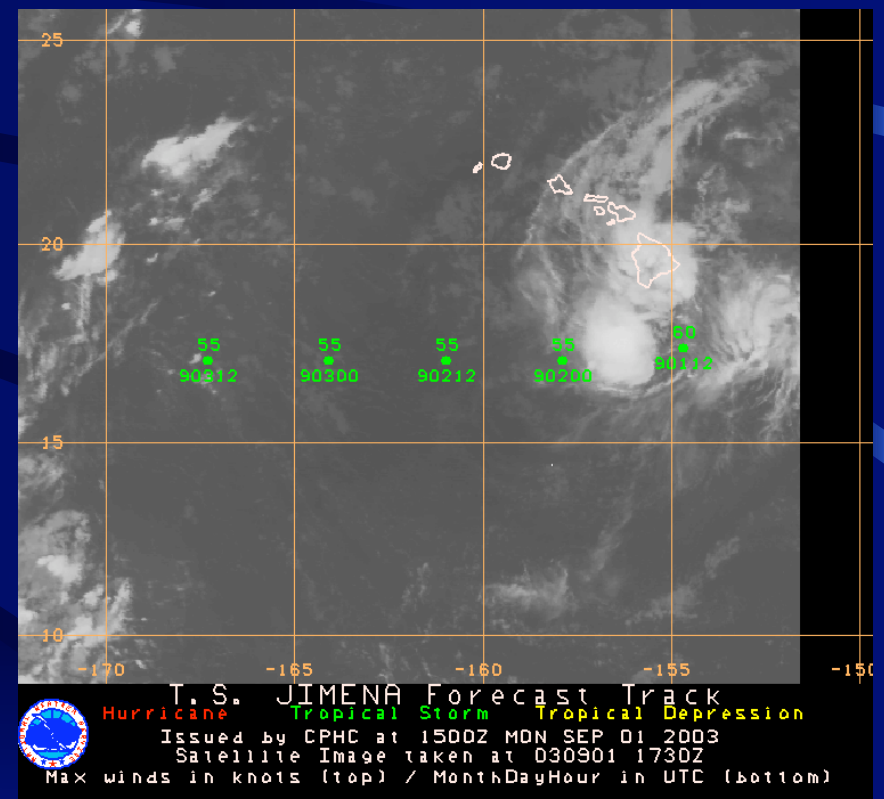
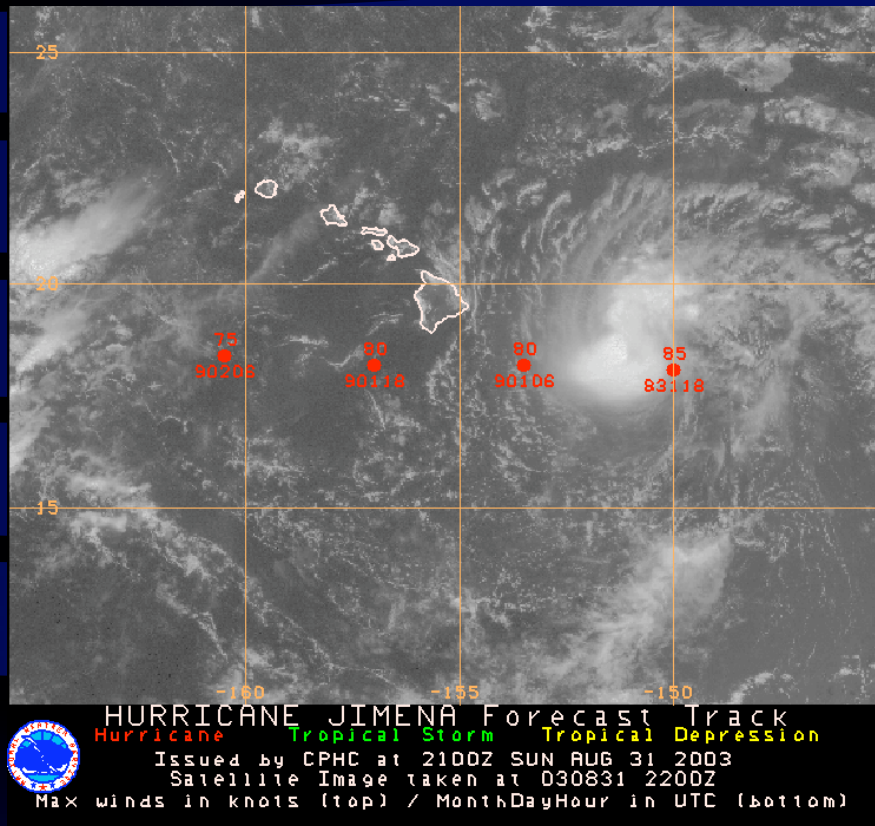
HURRICANE 10E (JIMENA) WARNING #15
311200Z POSIT: NEAR 18.0N 147.7W
MOVING 270 DEGREES TRUE AT 15 KNOTS
MAXIMUM SIGNIFICANT WAVE HEIGHT: 28 FEET
3112Z, WINDS 090KTS, GUSTS TO 110KTS
0100Z, WINDS 080KTS, GUSTS TO 100KTS
0112Z, WINDS 080KTS, GUSTS TO 100KTS
0200Z, WINDS 075KTS, GUSTS TO 090KTS
0212Z, WINDS 075KTS, GUSTS TO 090KTS
0312Z, WINDS 070KTS, GUSTS TO 085KTS
0412Z, WINDS 065KTS, GUSTS TO 080KTS
0512Z, WINDS 065KTS, GUSTS TO 080KTS

CPA TO:	NM	DTG
BARBERS_POINT	202	02/02Z
BARKING_SARDS	220	02/08Z
BRADSHAW_AFB	100	01/16Z
CAMP_H_M_SMITH	197	02/01Z
HICKAM_AFB	185	02/01Z
HILO	95	01/14Z
JOHNSTON_ISLAND	118	03/16Z
LIHUE	221	02/07Z
MCB_KANEHOE	191	02/01Z
PEARL_HARBOR	191	02/01Z

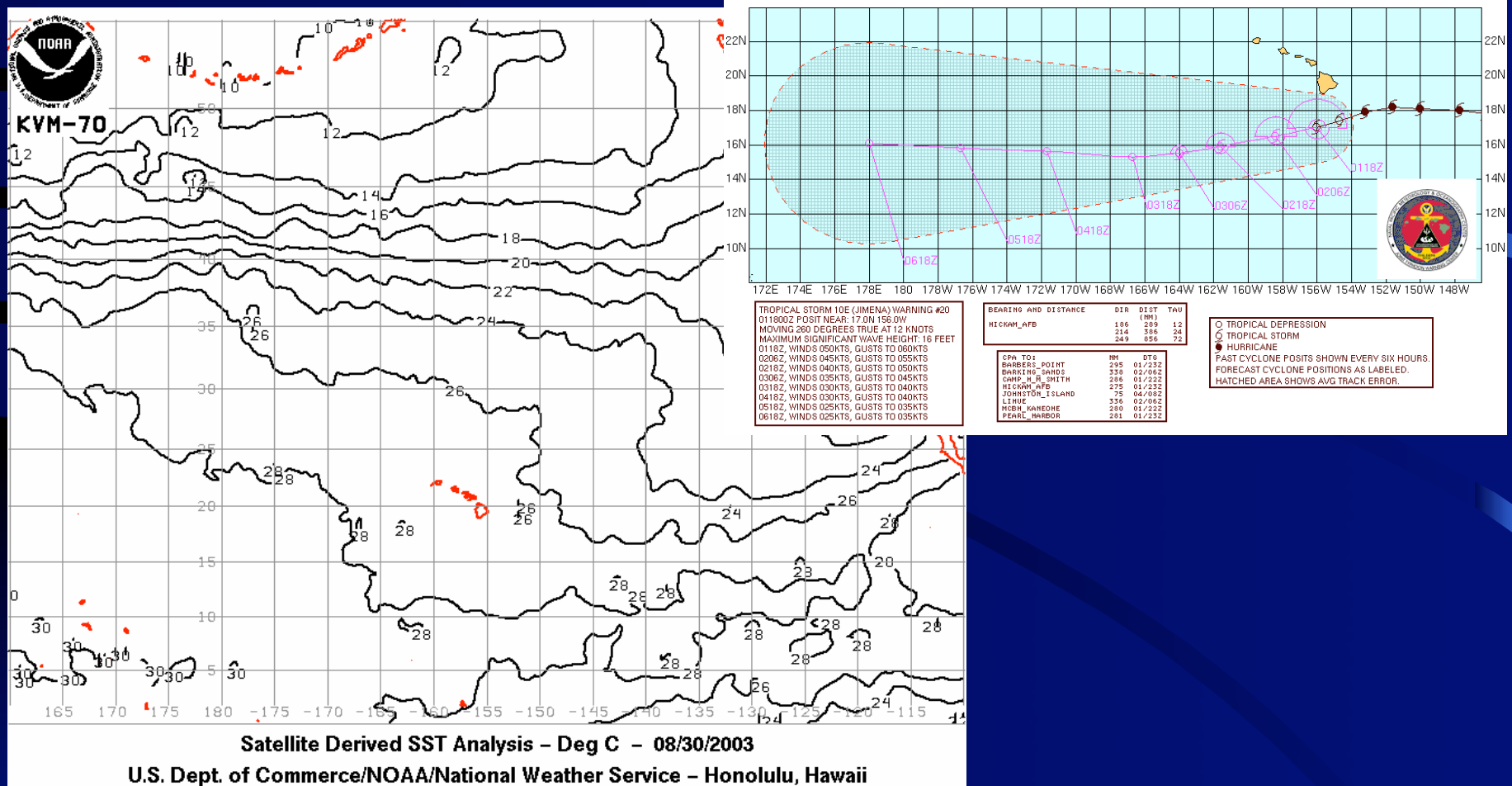
BEARING AND DISTANCE	DIR	DIST	TAU
	(NM)		
HILO	160	102	24
	258	355	48
	287	740	72
	272	1149	96
	275	1522	120

○ TROPICAL DEPRESSION
○ TROPICAL STORM
● HURRICANE
PAST CYCLONE POSITS SHOWN EVERY SIX HOURS.
FORECAST CYCLONE POSITIONS AS LABELED.
HATCHED AREA SHOWS AVG TRACK ERROR.

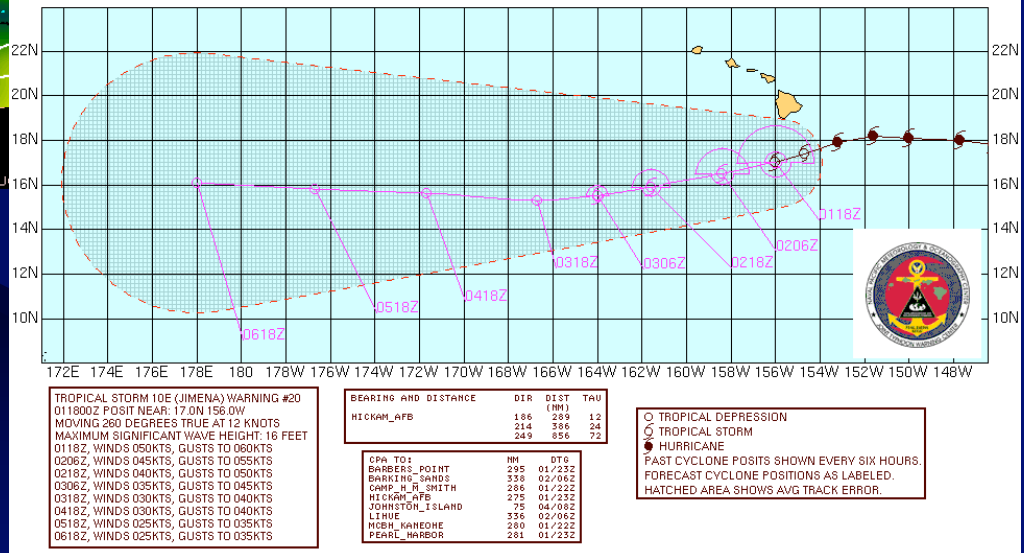
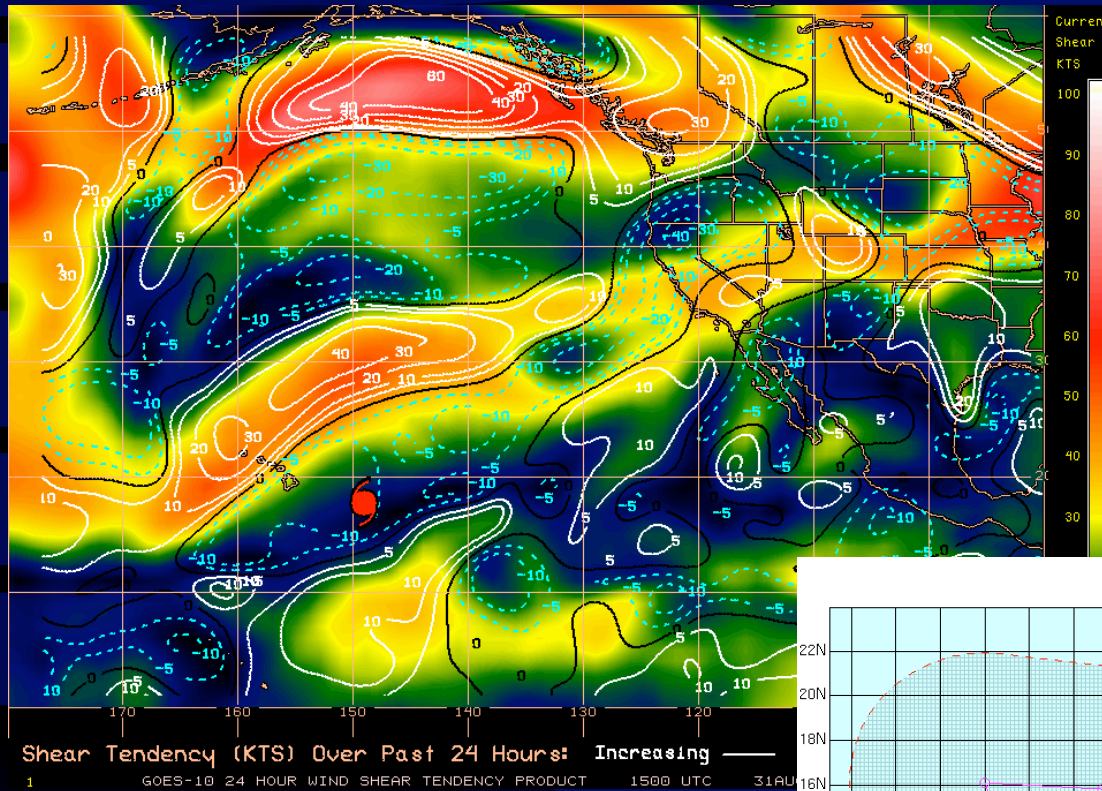
Track Forecast



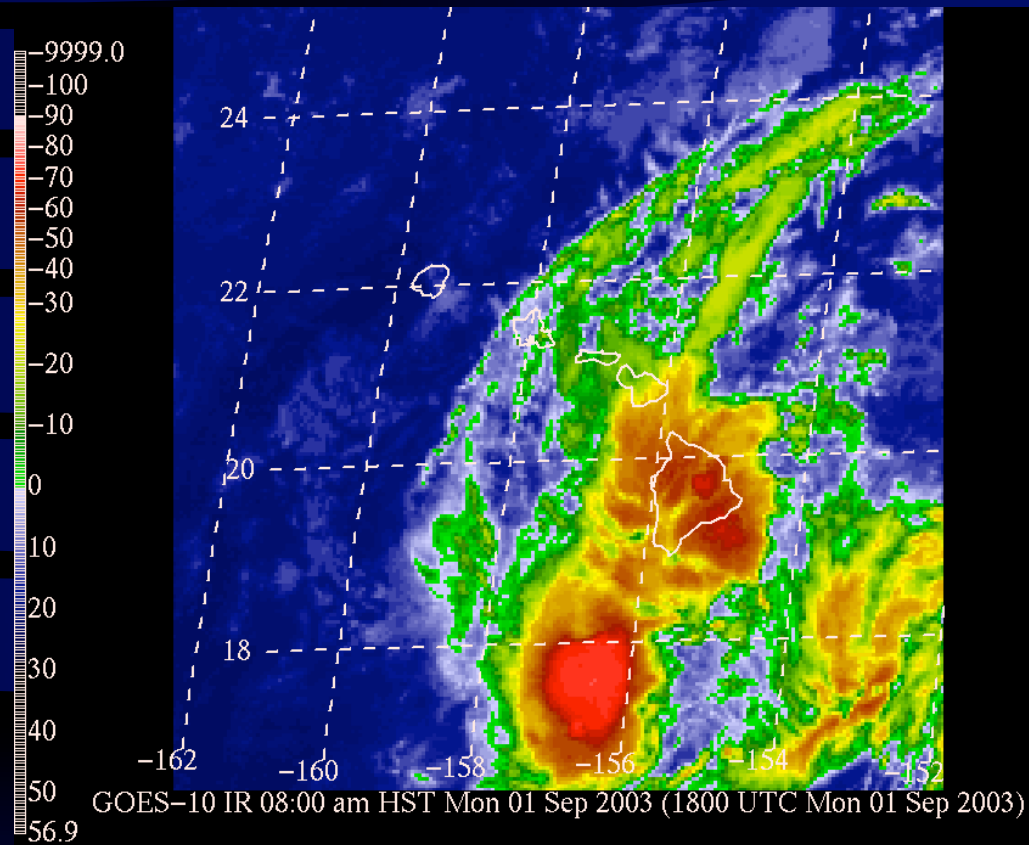
Sea Surface Temperature Important Factor for Hurricane Strength



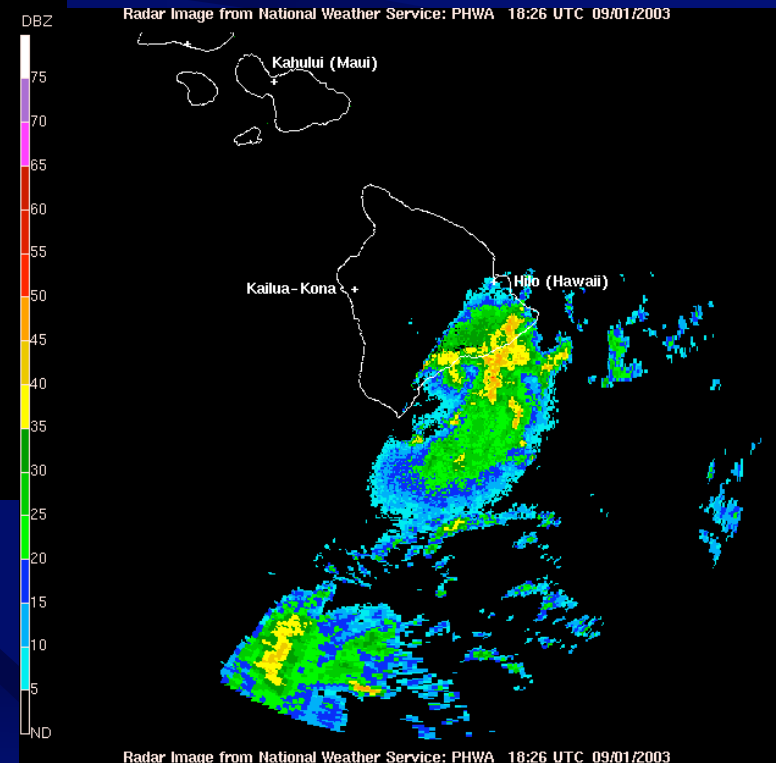
Wind Shear Weakens Storm



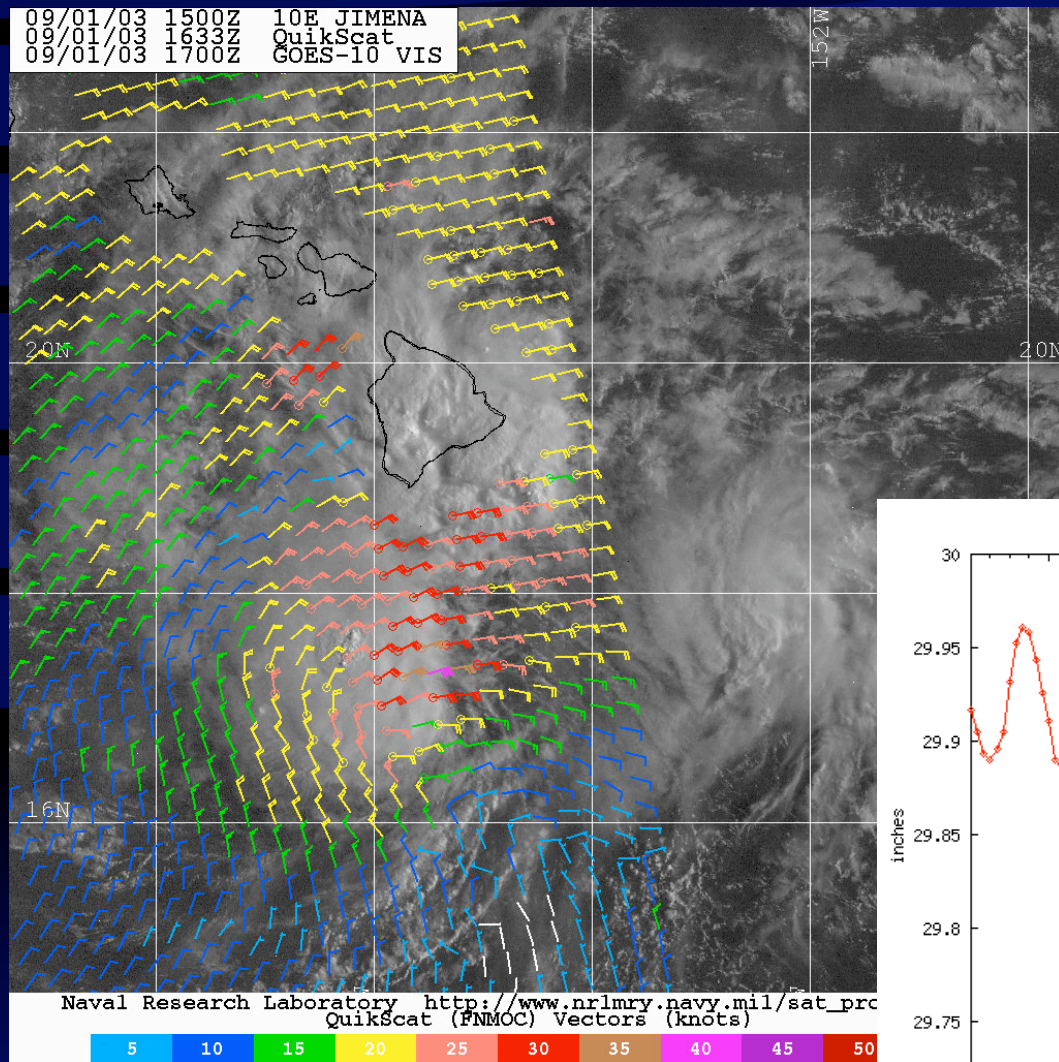
Thunderstorms and Flooding



Satellite and radar help locate areas of heavy rainfall



Winds in Hurricane Jimena



Strong winds can be seen in Quikscat data from satellite. High winds are associated with rapid changes in pressure over short distances (below).

